ACT No. 20

First Extraordinary Session, 2011

HOUSE BILL NO. 26

BY REPRESENTATIVE BARROW

1 AN ACT 2 To amend and reenact R.S. 33:103(C)(1)(j)(introductory paragraph) and (l), 112(C)(1)(a), 3 121, the heading of Subpart B-32 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana 4 Revised Statutes of 1950, 130.601(4), 130.602(A)(1) and (7), the heading of Subpart 5 B-36 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 6 130.721(A), the heading of Subpart L of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the 7 Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 140.181, 151, 172(F)(1), 365, 423.11, 423.14, 8 423.20, 423.21, 441.30, 447.2, 1236(60), (62)(a), and (63)(a), 1236.5, 9 1236.20(A)(1)(introductory paragraph) and (C)(3)(a), 1243(A)(1) and (B)(1), 10 1324(9), 1415(G), 1429.1, 1448(G)(1), 1521(introductory paragraph), 1573, 11 1967(C), 1976(introductory paragraph), 1992(A)(introductory paragraph) and (D), 12 2213(H), 2423(A), 2536.3(introductory paragraph), 2569, 2582(A)(1) and (2), 13 2584(B), 2586, 2711(B) and (D)(1), 2711.7(A), 2711.16(A), 2717.18, 2721.7(A)(1), 14 2721.14, 2737.52(A), 2737.56(A), 2737.66(A) and (C)(1), 2737.71(A), 2737.73(A), 15 2737.74(A) and (B), 2738.84(A)(2) and (3), 2738.85(A)(1), 2740.18(A)(1), 2740.18.1(A), 2740.34(A), 2740.35(A)(1), 2740.36(B), 2740.37(B)(1), 2740.61, 16 17 3892(A), the heading of Part IV of Chapter 9 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised 18 Statutes of 1950, 4159.10(B)(introductory paragraph), 4169(C), 4175(B)(1), 19 4305(B)(2), the heading of Subpart F of Part I of Chapter 10 of Title 33 of the 20 Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 4311, 4546.2(D), 4561.1, 4562.1(A) and (B), 4562.2(A) and (B), 4564(D), 4570.11(A) and (B)(1)(a) through (d), 4574(B)(40) and 21 22 (F)(1)(b)(iii), 4574.1.1(A)(40), (42), and (45), (N)(1), (Q), and (R), 4574.2(D), 23 4574.19, 4579(A), 4709.21(A), 4712.15, 4717(B), 4720.161(Q)(7), 4722(B)(introductory paragraph) and (C), 4780.51(A), 4785(B), 4790, 4877, 24 4879(B) and (C), 5062(A), 7551, 7602(4), (8)(a), (9), (10), and (11), 7603(14), 25

Page 1 of 59

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

7604(A), 9033.3(A) and (N), 9036(B), 9037.1, 9038.31(3), 9038.41(A) and (B)(introductory paragraph), 9038.55, 9038.61(A), 9053.1(A), 9073.1(A), 9076(A), and 9611(A) and to repeal Subpart B-31 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 33:130.591 through 130.599, R.S. 33:130.601(5), Subpart B-41 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 33:130.781, and R.S. 33:1221(B), 1415(F), 1521.1(D), 1992(A)(11), 2213(I), 2625, 2740.48, and 7603(20), relative to Title 33 (Municipalities and Parishes) of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 which are limited in applicability to certain political subdivisions or local areas based upon population classifications; to specify applicability to one or more political subdivisions or local areas; to adjust population categories to retain applicability; to repeal provisions that are outdated or obsolete; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

Section 1. R.S. 33:103(C)(1)(j)(introductory paragraph) and (l), 112(C)(1)(a), 121, the heading of Subpart B-32 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 130.601(4), 130.602(A)(1) and (7), the heading of Subpart B-36 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 130.721(A), the heading of Subpart L of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 140.181, 151, 172(F)(1), 365, 423.11, 423.14, 423.20, 423.21, 441.30, 447.2, 1236(60), (62)(a), and (63)(a), 1236.5, 1236.20(A)(1)(introductory paragraph) and (C)(3)(a), 1243(A)(1) and (B)(1), 1324(9), 1415(G), 1429.1, 1448(G)(1), 1521(introductory paragraph), 1573, 1967(C), 1976(introductory paragraph), 1992(A)(introductory paragraph) and (D), 2213(H), 2423(A), 2536.3(introductory paragraph), 2569, 2582(A)(1) and (2), 2584(B), 2586, 2711(B) and (D)(1), 2711.7(A), 2711.16(A), 2717.18, 2721.7(A)(1), 2721.14, 2737.52(A), 2737.56(A), 2737.66(A) and (C)(1), 2737.71(A), 2737.73(A), 2737.74(A) and (B), 2738.84(A)(2) and (3), 2738.85(A)(1), 2740.18(A)(1), 2740.18.1(A), 2740.34(A), 2740.35(A)(1), 2740.36(B), 2740.37(B)(1), 2740.61, 3892(A), the heading of Part IV of Chapter 9 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 4159.10(B)(introductory paragraph), 4169(C), 4175(B)(1), 4305(B)(2), the heading of Subpart F of Part I of Chapter 10 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,

4311, 4546.2(D), 4561.1, 4562.1 (A) and (B), 4562.2(A) and (B), 4564(D), 4570.11(A) and (B)(1)(a) through (d), 4574(B)(40) and (F)(1)(b)(iii), 4574.1.1(A)(40), (42), and (45), (N)(1), (Q), and (R), 4574.2(D), 4574.19, 4579(A), 4709.21(A), 4712.15, 4717(B), 4720.161(Q)(7), 4722(B)(introductory paragraph) and (C), 4780.51(A), 4785(B), 4790, 4877, 4879(B) and (C), 5062(A), 7551, 7602(4), (8)(a), (9), (10), and (11), 7603(14), 7604(A), 9033.3(A) and (N), 9036(B), 9037.1, 9038.31(3), 9038.41(A) and (B)(introductory paragraph), 9038.55, 9038.61(A), 9053.1(A), 9073.1(A), 9076(A), and 9611(A) are hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§103. Planning commission; membership; appointment

10 * * *

11 C.

12 * * *

13 (1)

14 * * *

(j) Notwithstanding any provision of this Section or any other law to the contrary, the governing authority of a municipality with a population of not less than seven thousand one hundred fifty persons and not more than seven thousand two hundred fifty persons as of the most recent federal decennial census the city of Plaquemine may pay members of the planning commission of such a the city and such members may receive a per diem for attendance at meetings of the commission for a maximum of twenty-four days per year in amounts not to exceed the following maximums:

23 * * *

(l) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of any municipality with a population of not more than three thousand one hundred persons and not less than two thousand six hundred persons as of the latest federal decennial census authorities of the municipalities of Arcadia, Delhi, Gramercy, Haughton, Haynesville, Iowa, Jena, Lake Arthur, Lockport, and Many may pay a per diem to members of the municipal planning commission their respective municipal planning commissions for attending meetings of any such

commission. The rate of per diem to be paid to such members and the number of meetings for which per diem shall be paid shall be established by ordinance of the governing authority of the each municipality.

* * *

§112. Subdivision regulations

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

6 * * *

C.(1)(a) Within those parishes or municipalities with a population in excess of four hundred twenty-five thousand which have a recreation plan officially adopted in accordance with R.S. 33:108 the city of New Orleans, the governing body may enact or may authorize its appropriate agency to enact, as a part of the municipality's or parish's subdivision control regulations, requirements that a subdivider of land dedicate such land areas, sites, and locations for park, playground, and public school purposes as are reasonably necessary to service the proposed subdivision and the future residents thereof, but in no case more than five percent of the gross area of the proposed subdivision. The regulations may provide that the dedication shall be a condition precedent to the approval of any subdivision plat. They shall set forth the standards to be applied in determining the amount of land that is required to be dedicated. These standards shall be based upon the number and type of dwelling units or structures to be included in each subdivision. These standards shall also be based upon studies and surveys conducted by the municipality or parish through its appropriate agency in order to determine the need, if any, for park, playground, and public school sites generated by existing subdivisions within the municipality or parish containing various types of dwelling units or structures.

* * *

§121. Creation of parish development board

A police jury may create and organize a parish development board in accordance with the provisions of this Subpart.

The provisions of this Subpart shall not be applicable to any parish containing a municipality with a population of more than three hundred thousand.

30 * * *

Page 4 of 59

	·
1	SUBPART B-32. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
2	CREATED BY TWO OR MORE MUNICIPALITIES IN MADISON PARISH
3	§130.601. Definitions
4	* * *
5	(4) "Municipality" means any legally incorporated city, town, or village
6	located within the same parish of Madison.
7	§130.602. Creation of authority; territorial jurisdiction
8	A.(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any two or more
9	municipalities in a parish with a population in excess of thirteen thousand but less
10	than fourteen thousand according to the latest federal decennial census the parish of
11	Madison may, upon their own joint initiative, create by local services agreement and
12	intergovernmental contract a special district for industrial, commercial, tourism, and
13	economic development purposes which shall be designated by such name as the
14	municipalities designate; and which shall be governed by a board of commissioners
15	of not less than six members. The mayors of each of the contracting municipalities
16	shall be ex officio members of the board and each municipality, by vote of the
17	governing authority of said such municipality, shall appoint one member to the board
18	who shall be a member of the city council or the board of aldermen. The president
19	of the police jury for the parish in which the special district is located shall be an ex
20	officio member of the board and the police jury for said the parish shall appoint one
21	member to the board who shall be a member of the police jury.
22	* * *
23	(7) The commission shall meet in regular session at least once a year or more
24	often as set by vote of the commission and shall also meet in special session as often
25	as the president of the commission convenes them or on written request of two

members. Four members of the commission shall constitute a quorum; however, a

member may be represented at any meeting by his designee who shall have all

26

27

powers of a member at such meeting. The authority shall be domiciled in the parish where the contracting municipalities are located of Madison and maintain suitable offices in the such parish.

4 * * *

§130.721. Economic development authorities; parishes with a population of not more than one hundred twenty thousand persons and not less than one hundred four thousand persons Terrebonne Economic Development Authority; governing board; budget

SUBPART B-36. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITIES LOCATED IN

A. The provisions of this Subpart shall be applicable to any economic development authority located in any parish with a population of not more than one hundred twenty thousand persons and not less than one hundred four thousand persons according to the latest federal decennial census the Terrebonne Economic Development Authority.

16 * * *

SUBPART L. HOME RULE CHARTER PARISHES WITH POPULATIONS IN EXCESS OF FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND ZONING AUTHORITY; JEFFERSON

PARISH

20 §140.181. Zoning authority; Jefferson Parish

In any parish which has adopted a home rule charter and has a population of four hundred thousand or more, the governing authority of the parish The governing authority of the parish of Jefferson may prepare, enact, and enforce comprehensive plans for the parish to divide the parish into districts or zones restricting and regulating therein the location, erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, and use of buildings, structures, and land for trade, industry, residence, and other uses, in accordance with its home rule charter and in accordance with any local or general law granting zoning authority to local governmental subdivisions.

29 * * *

§151. Petition for annexation of territory

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

26

27

28

29

30

Whenever one-third in number and value of the bona fide owners of any lots or land, lying contiguous and adjacent to the territorial corporate limits of any city or town, the city of New Orleans excepted, or, whenever one-half in number and value of the bona fide owners of any lots or land, lying contiguous and adjacent to the corporate limits of any city located in a parish which parish has a population of between one hundred fifteen thousand and one hundred twenty-five thousand persons desire that such lots or land be annexed to and included in the territorial corporate limits of any such adjacent and contiguous city or town, so as to constitute a part thereof, or whenever one-fourth in number of the bona fide owners of any lots or land, lying contiguous and adjacent to the corporate limits of any city located in the parish of Rapides desire that such lots or land be annexed to and included in the territorial corporate limits of any such adjacent and contiguous city or town, so as to constitute a part thereof, they shall present to the mayor and governing body of such city or town as constituted by law, by whatever name called, a petition in writing signed by them, setting forth their desire that said such lots or land shall be annexed to and included in the territorial corporate limits of such city or town, so as to constitute a part thereof, and therein also fully setting forth the boundaries and accurate description of such lots or land which they desire to be annexed to and included in the territorial corporate limits of such adjacent and contiguous city or town.

22 * * *

§172. Petition to annex territory; valuation of property; notice of filing petition; hearing concerning proposed ordinance; alternative methods

25 * * *

F.(1) Except as provided in Subsections C and D of this Section and in R.S. 33:172.1 and 172.2, the governing authority of a municipality within a parish the parish of St. Tammany, other than a municipality with a population of more than twenty-five thousand persons, may annex vacant land contiguous to its borders only in accordance with the procedure provided in this Subsection. As used in this

Subsection, "parish" means any parish operating under a home rule charter with a population between one hundred ninety-one thousand and two hundred thirty thousand based on the most recent federal decennial census. "Parish" shall not include any parish with a consolidated form of government.

* * *

§365. Naming of town hall in certain municipalities; town of Jonesboro

Notwithstanding R.S. 14:316 or any other law to the contrary, any governing authority in any municipality having a population of between four thousand three hundred five and four thousand three hundred ten according to population estimates of the U.S. Bureau of the Census from April 1, 1990 through July 1, 1996 The governing authority of the town of Jonesboro may name its town hall after Richard Zuber, its former long-time mayor.

* * *

§423.11. Certain municipalities City of Winnfield; disciplinary action by chief of police

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in and for any municipality having a population of fewer than six thousand two hundred and more than five thousand nine hundred persons as of the 1990 federal census the city of Winnfield, the chief of police may take whatever steps are necessary to effect disciplinary action concerning police personnel, including but not limited to suspension for not longer than three days. Any such disciplinary action shall be taken without regard to race, creed, or color.

* * *

§423.14. Assistant police chief; certain municipalities city of Westwego

Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, the duties of the assistant chief of police of any municipality with a population of at least ten thousand five hundred but not more than ten thousand nine hundred persons as of the most recent federal decennial census the city of Westwego shall be determined by

the chief of police for the municipality, and the assistant chief shall act as chief in the
administration of the police department in the absence of the police chief.

3 * * *

§423.20. Certain municipalities Town of White Castle; authority over personnel by elected chief of police

Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 33:423 or any other provision of law to the contrary, in and for any municipality having a population of not more than one thousand nine hundred fifty-five persons and not less than one thousand eight hundred fifty-five persons according to the latest federal decennial census the town of White Castle, the chief of police shall appoint, promote, discipline, and discharge police personnel subject to the budgetary limitations of the mayor and town council pertaining to the number of allotted positions for the police department.

§423.21. Certain municipalities Town of Independence; authority over personnel by elected chief of police

Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 33:423 or any other provision of law to the contrary, in and for any municipality having a population of not more than one thousand eight hundred persons and not less than one thousand six hundred fifty persons according to the latest federal decennial census and located in any parish with a population of not more than one hundred four thousand persons and not less than ninety-eight thousand five hundred persons according to the latest federal decennial census the town of Independence, the chief of police shall appoint, promote, discipline, and discharge police personnel subject to the budgetary limitations of the mayor and town council pertaining to the number of allotted positions for the police department.

25 * * *

§441.30. Village with a population greater than three hundred ten and less than three hundred twenty-five Village of Evergreen; appointment of court magistrate; duties; salary

The board of aldermen of a village with a population greater than three hundred ten and less than three hundred twenty-five the village of Evergreen shall,

upon request of the mayor, appoint an attorney who shall be designated as court magistrate and who shall serve at the pleasure of the mayor and may from time to time be designated by the mayor to serve in his stead as the presiding official over the mayor's court. Whenever the magistrate is so designated by the mayor to preside over the mayor's court, he shall exercise the powers and authority of the mayor over said court. The magistrate shall receive a salary fixed and paid by the board of aldermen.

* *

§447.2. Mayor's court; town of Kinder certain municipalities; additional court costs

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the mayor in the town of Kinder and any incorporated municipality having a population of more than two thousand but less than twenty-two hundred, according to the most recent decennial census, mayors of the municipalities of Benton, Blanchard, Brusly, Delcambre, Erath, Golden Meadow, Greenwood, Jean Lafitte, Kinder, Oak Grove, Port Barre, Richwood, Simmesport, and White Castle may also impose additional court costs not to exceed twenty dollars for each offense, as defined by ordinance, on any defendant convicted of a violation of a municipal ordinance.

18 * * *

§1236. Powers of parish governing authorities

The police juries and other parish governing authorities shall have the following powers:

22 * * *

population between fifty thousand and fifty-three thousand seven hundred, and between seventy-five thousand and eighty-five thousand persons authorities of the parishes of Ascension, Iberia, St. Mary, and Vernon shall have a privilege against property for the amount of any unpaid service charge or user fee for sewage disposal services of any sewage district located in the parish. The Each such governing authority may provide by ordinance for the filing into the public records of notice of nonpayment of a service charge or user fee for sewage disposal services in any of the

sewage districts located in the parish. The filing of such notice of nonpayment shall perfect the privilege against the property for which such charge or fee is not paid which shall be prior in rank to mortgages, vendor's privileges, and all other privileges except tax privileges. The ordinance shall provide for notice by certified mail, prior to filing such notice in the public records, to any person who fails to pay such service charges or user fees that a privilege exists upon the property for the amount of such unpaid charges or fees and that such privilege will be perfected by the filing of a notice of nonpayment in the public records. Not less than thirty days after mailing such notice and only after the person's subsequent failure to pay such charge or fee within the thirty days, the notice of nonpayment may be filed in the mortgage records of the parish.

* * *

thirty-nine and fifty thousand according to the latest federal decennial census and which is located adjacent to the Mississippi River authorities of the parishes of St. Charles and St. John the Baptist may levy and collect an ad valorem tax not to exceed five mills on all taxable property in the parish their respective parishes for the purpose of providing additional funds for the construction of a hurricane protection levee and related drainage structures, including but not limited to pumps and pumping stations, located within the boundaries of the parish their respective parishes. In addition, the governing authority of each such parish, with the approval of the State Bond Commission and the parish electorate, is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose of construction of such levees and drainage structures.

* * *

(63)(a) The governing authority of any parish with a population of not less than four hundred twenty-five thousand whose boundaries are not coterminous with a single municipality the parish of Jefferson may adopt an ordinance which establishes a maximum allowable wake created by any vessel on the waterways of that parish, if such waterways are within the boundaries or immediately abutting any national park. The maximum allowable wake established by such ordinance,

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
11B 1(0, 20	DI TROBBED

1	regardless of the speed or size of the vessel, may be fifteen inches in vertical height
2	measured from the ambient tide level to the crest of the vessel's bow wave at a
3	distance not less than twenty-five feet from the vessel. "No Wake" zones shall be
4	posted on any waterways affected by such ordinance.
5	* * *
6	§1236.5. Authority of police juries parish governing authorities to furnish space to
7	community service centers; St. Bernard Parish
8	The police juries of parishes having a population of between 45,000 and
9	52,000 according to the 1970 census governing authority of the parish of St. Bernard
10	shall have the power to furnish office space and secretarial assistance to community
11	service centers or multi-service multiservice centers, located within the parish, which
12	assist and counsel members of the public concerning all social services.
13	* * *
14	§1236.20. Liens for removal and securing dangerous structures; maintenance of
15	property; interest; assistance of national guard; Iberia Parish
16	A.(1) The governing authority of a parish with a population between sixty-
17	seven thousand five hundred and sixty-nine thousand based on the 1990 Census the
18	parish of Iberia may:
19	* * *
20	C.
21	* * *
22	(3)(a) Any person desiring to be notified in the event a specific, immovable
23	property will be subject to post-adjudication sale may file a request for such notice
24	in the mortgage records of the parish in which the property is located.
25	* * *
26	§1243. Maximum penalties
27	A.(1) In any parish with a population of four hundred twenty-five thousand
28	or less Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the maximum penalty which

may be imposed for violation of any parish ordinance shall be a fine of five hundred
dollars and imprisonment of thirty days in the parish jail.

3 * * *

B.(1) In any parish with a population in excess of four hundred twenty-five thousand, which parish contains at least one parish boundary abutting or lying within Lake Pontchartrain, the parish of Jefferson the maximum penalty which may be imposed for violation of any parish ordinance shall be a fine of five hundred dollars and imprisonment of six months in the parish jail.

* * *

§1324. Grant of authority to parishes, municipalities, police juries, harbor districts and terminal districts to act jointly

Any parish, municipality or political subdivision of the state, or any combination thereof, may make agreements between or among themselves to engage jointly in the construction, acquisition or improvement of any public project or improvement, the promotion and maintenance of any undertaking or the exercise of any power, provided that at least one of the participants to the agreement is authorized under a provision of general or special law to perform such activity or exercise such power as may be necessary for completion of the undertaking. Such arrangements may provide for the joint use of funds, facilities, personnel or property or any combination thereof necessary to accomplish the purposes of the agreement, and such agreements may include but are not limited to activities concerning:

* * *

(9) The reassessment or reappraisal of property subject to ad valorem taxation in a parish with a population in excess of four hundred thousand the parishes of East Baton Rouge, Jefferson, and Orleans, in which event each party to said the agreement is hereby authorized to contribute any portion of its funds as are deemed necessary to accomplish said such activity, notwithstanding any previous law or parts of law in conflict herewith.

* * *

1	§1415. Governing authorities of parishes and municipalities; power to abolish
2	entities created by them; fiscal, budgetary and other controls; appointment
3	and terms of members of certain entities
4	* * *
5	G.(1) Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, when a board
6	or commission, other than a hospital service district, whether presently created or
7	hereafter created by the governing authority of any parish, exercises governmental
8	functions within a municipality, the governing authority of the municipality shall
9	appoint a member to such board or commission. The governing authority of the
10	municipality shall also have the power to remove and replace such member.
11	(2) The provisions of this Subsection shall not be applicable to parishes with
12	populations of more than four hundred twenty-five thousand persons and less than
13	four hundred seventy-five thousand persons the parish of Jefferson or to parish
14	library boards.
15	* * *
16	§1429.1. Funds for other law enforcement purposes; Vernon Parish
17	A. The sheriff of Vernon Parish may use any available funds of his office or
18	of the law enforcement district to engage in cooperative endeavors with other law
19	enforcement agencies within the parish for law enforcement purposes. In furtherance
20	of such cooperative endeavors, he may provide funding to other law enforcement
21	agencies in the parish.
22	B. This Section shall apply only to the sheriff in any parish with a population
23	of not more than fifty-three thousand persons and not less than fifty thousand persons
24	as provided in the most recent federal decennial census.
25	* * *
26	§1448. Group insurance; kinds; amounts; subrogation
27	* * *
28	G.(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection D of this Section, the
29	premium costs of group hospital, surgical, medical expense, and dental insurance and
30	the first ten thousand dollars of life insurance contracted for under the provisions of

this Section shall be paid in full from the sheriff's general fund for all sheriffs and deputy sheriffs retired with at least fifteen years of service who are at least fifty-five years of age or retired with at least thirty years of service at any age. The provisions of this Subsection shall be applicable only to the sheriffs' offices of the parishes of Bossier, St. Bernard, St. Martin, Acadia, Allen, Avoyelles, Beauregard, Caddo, Calcasieu, Caldwell, Cameron, Catahoula, Concordia, East Feliciana, Grant, Iberville, Jackson, Jefferson Davis, Lafayette, Lincoln, Livingston, Morehouse, Natchitoches, Pointe Coupee, Rapides, Red River, St. James, Tangipahoa, Union, Vermilion, Vernon, Washington, West Baton Rouge, West Carroll, and West Feliciana, and any parish with a population of between one hundred thousand and one hundred two thousand according to the latest federal decennial census and the sheriff of the Civil District Court of the parish of Orleans, for their respective retirees. The provisions of this Subsection shall also apply to the employees of the Sheriffs' Pension and Relief Fund and the Louisiana Sheriffs' Association, which fund and association shall pay the premium costs for their employees.

* * *

§1521. Fees of criminal sheriff from sureties for return of fugitives; Orleans Parish

The criminal sheriff in parishes having a population of four hundred seventyfive thousand or more the parish of Orleans shall collect from sureties when a fugitive is returned to the custody of the criminal sheriff, the following fees and charges:

22 * * *

§1573. Title to property in office of coroner

Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 33:4713, the coroner of any parish with a population between four hundred thousand and four hundred seventy-five thousand as established by the 1990 U.S. Decennial Census the parish of Jefferson, or his designee, may purchase and equip such real property as is necessary in the performance of his duties, including but not limited to a morgue, regional or local forensic center, and criminalistics lab. The ownership of such real property shall be

vested in the name of the office of the coroner provided no parish funds are expended.

3 * * *

§1967. Captain of force

5 * * *

C. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection A of this Section or any law to the contrary, the fire department in any municipality with a population between two hundred ten thousand and four hundred ten thousand as of the most recent federal decennial census the city of Baton Rouge and any fire protection district comprised of unincorporated areas of a parish with a population of greater than four hundred twenty thousand as of such census the parish of Jefferson may continue the staffing procedures in effect on July 2, 1999.

* * *

§1976. Naming of central fire station in certain municipalities; city of Shreveport

Notwithstanding R.S. 14:316 or any other law to the contrary, a municipal governing authority in a municipality having a population of at least one hundred fifty thousand but less than two hundred twenty-five thousand persons, according to the most recent federal decennial census, The governing authority of the city of Shreveport may name the central fire station in honor of a former fire chief who meets the following criteria:

21 * * *

§1992. Minimum salaries

A. The minimum monthly salaries of firemen in municipalities having a population of twelve thousand or more <u>and in the city of Bastrop</u> and of all parish and fire protection district paid firemen, including salaries payable out of the avails of any special tax provided by the Constitution of Louisiana for increasing the pay of firemen, shall be in accordance with the following schedule, and such salaries shall be paid semi-monthly not later than the fifth and twentieth day of each calendar month:

30 * * *

Page 16 of 59

D. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, Paragraph (A)(9) of this Section, as such Paragraph exists on April 1, 2001, shall apply to the fire department of any incorporated city with a population of not less than two hundred thousand and not more than two hundred twenty-five thousand persons as of the latest federal decennial census In the city of Shreveport, a fire alarm operator or dispatcher, or any other person doing this type of work for the fire department of the city, shall receive a minimum monthly salary of not less than twenty-five percent above that of a fireman.

* * *

§2213. Maximum hours; overtime or compensatory time; exceptions for certain cities

* * *

H.(1) Any municipality subject to the provisions of this Subpart, to maximize police protection, may establish and implement a fourteen-day shift cycle for all full-time paid patrolmen, patrolmen first class, sergeants, lieutenants, captains, or any other employees of the police department except those in a position, grade, or class above that of captain which may require such officers to work Monday, Tuesday, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday of the first week of the cycle, and Wednesday and Thursday of the second week of the cycle. The workday shall consist of twelve hours on the above specified days. Such officers shall be paid overtime at one and one-half times their usual salary when the number of hours worked during the two-week cycle exceeds eighty hours or shall be credited with compensatory time on a one and one-half basis for all hours in said cycle that exceed eighty hours.

(2) The provisions of Subsection A of this Section and the provisions of this Subsection shall not apply to a municipality with a population of fewer than twelve thousand seven hundred persons according to the most recent federal decennial census.

29 * * *

§2423. Corrective or disciplinary action for maintaining standards of service; cities with a population in excess of 450,000

A. When any employee in the classified service is unable or unwilling to perform the duties of his position in a satisfactory manner or has committed any act to the prejudice of the service, or has omitted to perform any act that it was his duty to perform, or otherwise has become subject to corrective action, the appointing authority shall take action warranted by the circumstances to maintain the standards of effective service. The action may extend to (1) removal from the service, (2) retirement under any provision of law applicable, (3) reduction in pay to the next lower rate in the scale for the class, (4) demotion to any position of a lower class that the employee is deemed by the appointing authority and the director to be competent to fill, or (5) suspension without pay for a period not exceeding in the aggregate sixty days in any continuous period of twelve months, or (6) reprimand or other less drastic measure of discipline which the appointing authority considers proper. In municipalities having a population in excess of 450,000, the action may extend to (1) removal from the service, (2) retirement under any provision of law applicable, (3) demotion to any position of a lower class that the employee is deemed by the appointing authority and the director to be competent to fill, (4) suspension without pay for a period not exceeding in the aggregate sixty days in any continuous period of twelve months.

21 * * *

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

§2536.3. Compensation of members; certain municipalities city of Plaquemine

Notwithstanding any provision of this Part to the contrary, in a municipality with a population of not less than seven thousand one hundred fifty persons and not more than seven thousand two hundred fifty persons as of the most recent federal decennial census the city of Plaquemine, members of the civil service board of such a the city may receive from funds available to the board a per diem for attendance at meetings of the board for a maximum of twenty-four days per year in amounts not to exceed the following:

30 * * *

§2569. Assistant police chief; certain municipalities city of Westwego

Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 33:2541 or any other law to the contrary, the position of assistant chief of police for any municipality with a population of at least ten thousand five hundred but not more than ten thousand nine hundred persons as of the most recent federal decennial census the city of Westwego shall be in the unclassified service, and the right of selection, appointment, supervision, and discharge for such positions any such position shall be vested in the chief of police of the municipality city.

* * *

§2582. Parochial employees; conversion of annual leave into financial benefit;

Jefferson Parish

A. Eligibility. (1) Any employee of a parish governing authority the governing authority of the parish of Jefferson who has been in parish service in a parish with a population in excess of four hundred twenty-five thousand the parish for at least seven years of continuous service and has accumulated a total of not less than ninety days of annual leave credit shall have the option to convert certain portions of such annual leave into financial benefit.

(2) Any employee of a the parish governing authority who has been in parish service in a the parish with a population in excess of four hundred twenty-five thousand for at least five years of continuous service and has accumulated less than ninety annual leave days but at least forty-two days may in an emergency apply to the personnel board of the agency for permission to convert certain portions of such annual leave into financial benefit.

* * *

§2584. Local civil service; inclusion of employees

* * *

B. The provisions of this Section shall not apply, or be interpreted or construed to apply, to any municipality having a population of five hundred thousand or more, or to any municipality or parish which pursuant to Article X, Section 14 of the Louisiana Constitution elects to be governed by the provisions of Part I of Article

X of the Louisiana Constitution; nor shall the provisions of this Section authorize, or be interpreted or construed to authorize, the inclusion in any local civil service of firemen or policemen in contravention of the provisions of Article X, Section 19 of the Louisiana Constitution.

* * *

§2586. Fire and police civil service; incentive pay

The fire and police civil service board of any municipality with a population of less than four hundred seventy-five thousand, and the civil service board of any municipality, parish, or fire protection district with a classified fire and police civil service system established as provided in R.S. 33:2471 or 2531 may establish a plan for awarding incentive pay to classified employees. The plan shall include the criteria for eligibility for incentive pay, the method by which classified employees shall be reviewed for eligibility, and how such eligibility shall be determined. Determination of the amount of incentive pay and which classified employees are to receive incentive pay shall be made by the appointing authority for the municipality, parish, or fire protection district subject to available funds budgeted for such purpose. The incentive pay awarded under the provisions of this Section shall be in addition to any other salary the classified employee is entitled to receive from the municipality, the state, or any other governmental entity.

* * *

§2711. Tax authorized; rate; sales tax districts; certain municipalities

22 * * *

B. In addition to the exemptions from the state sales and use tax as set forth in R.S. 47:305 through 305.15, or as same may be hereafter amended, any municipality having a population of between fifty-four thousand and seventy-one thousand according to the 1990 federal census, authorized to levy a sales and use tax by the provisions of this Section, or by the provisions of any other statute, et seq., the municipalities of Lake Charles and Monroe shall have the authority to exempt drugs prescribed by physicians for personal consumption and use, and wheelchairs and

prosthetic devices, and food purchased for personal consumption off the premises where purchased, for the sales and use tax so levied.

* *

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

D.(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary and in addition to any other authority granted by law, the governing authority of any municipality with a population of not less than six thousand five hundred and not more than seven thousand five hundred persons based on the latest federal decennial census and located in a parish with a population of not less than forty-eight thousand two hundred fifty and not more than fifty thousand persons based on the latest federal decennial census and any municipality with a population of not less than three thousand nine hundred fifty and not more than four thousand persons according to the most recent federal decennial census authorities of the municipalities of Breaux Bridge, St. Martinville, and Youngsville may create sales tax districts consisting of a portion of such municipality their respective municipalities. Each sales tax district, as a political subdivision of the state, is authorized to levy and collect an additional one percent sales and use tax upon the sale at retail, the use, the lease or rental, the consumption, and the storage for use or consumption of tangible personal property and on sales of services, as defined by law, if approved by a majority of the electors of the district voting thereon in an election held for that purpose. The governing authority of a sales tax district shall be the governing authority of the municipality, the domicile of the sales tax district shall be the regular meeting place of the municipality, and the officers of the sales tax district shall be officers of the municipality. The proceeds of the additional sales tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection shall be used by the governing authority of the municipality, under the terms and provisions of an intergovernmental agreement between the municipality and the sales tax district, for paying the costs and expenses of constructing, improving, and maintaining the municipality's infrastructure which serves properties located in the municipality or shall be used to promote the economic development of the sales tax district and the municipality, and may be funded into bonds for such purposes in the manner provided by state law. The tax

authorized pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection shall be collected as provided in the Uniform Local Sales Tax Code and other applicable provisions of law. The boundaries of any sales tax district as specified by the governing authority shall be wholly within the corporate limits of the municipality and shall not overlap any other municipal sales tax district.

* * *

§2711.7. Tax authorized; parishes with population exceeding four hundred thousand but not in excess of five hundred thousand parishes of East Baton Rouge,

Jefferson, and Orleans

A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the governing body of any parish having a population exceeding four hundred thousand but not in excess of five hundred thousand according to the latest regular federal census for which the official figures have been made public is authorities of the parishes of East Baton Rouge, Jefferson, and Orleans are hereby authorized subject to voter approval to levy and collect within the limits of said parish their respective parishes a tax not to exceed one percent upon the occupancy of hotel rooms located within said parish their respective parishes.

18 * * *

§2711.16. Certain municipalities Municipalities in Tensas Parish; authority to levy additional sales and use tax; population less than eight thousand

A. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of any municipality in a parish with a population of less than eight thousand according to the latest federal decennial census the parish of Tensas may levy and collect an additional one percent sales and use tax within the corporate limits of the municipality.

26 * * *

§2717.18. Municipalities of over 400,000 population City of New Orleans; not applicable

R.S. 33:2717.1-33:2717.17 does not apply to municipalities of a population of over four hundred thousand (400,000) The provisions of R.S. 33:2717.1 through 2717.17 shall not be applicable to the city of New Orleans.

* * *

§2721.7. Additional sales and use tax authorized

A.(1) In addition to any other authority granted by a home rule charter or otherwise, the governing authority of any parish or school board in any parish having a population of more than sixty thousand people and less than seventy thousand people according to the latest federal decennial census of record and in which parish there is located a permanent federal military installation Vernon Parish or the Vernon Parish School Board may levy and collect an additional parishwide tax upon the sale at retail, the use, the lease or rental, the consumption, and the storage for use or consumption of tangible personal property and on sales of services as defined by law, if approved by a majority of electors voting therein in an election held for that purpose.

18 * * *

§2721.14. Authorization to levy and collect additional sales and use tax in certain parishes; Livingston Parish

A.(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of any parish having a population in excess of ninety-one thousand persons, but fewer than ninety-three thousand persons, as determined by the most recent federal decennial census; the parish of Livingston may levy and collect an additional one-half of one percent sales and use tax within the parish under the provisions of Article VI, Section 29(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, which additional sales and use tax shall not be subject to the combined rate limitations established by Article VI, Section 29(A) of the Constitution of Louisiana, nor any other provision of law to the contrary, including the combined rate limitation established by R.S. 33:2721.6.

1	(2) The authority granted in this Section shall not limit any prior taxing
2	authority granted to the parish or any other political subdivision by any other
3	provisions of law including any authority granted to any other political subdivision
4	to exceed the rate limitations cited in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.
5	B. The proceeds of the tax herein authorized pursuant to this Section shall
6	be used for such purposes as are determined by the parish governing authority of
7	such parishes, including the funding of the avails of the additional tax into bonds in
8	the manner provided by law.
9	C. The sales and use tax so levied shall be imposed by ordinance of the
10	parish governing authority of such parish and shall be levied upon the sale at retail,
11	the use, lease, or rental, consumption, and the storage for use or consumption of
12	tangible personal property, and on sales of services in the parish, all as defined in
13	Chapter 2 of Subtitle II of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.
14	However, the ordinance imposing the tax shall be adopted by the governing authority
15	only after the question of the imposition of the tax has been submitted to the
16	qualified electors of such the parish, in accordance with the election laws of the state
17	of Louisiana, and a majority of those voting in the election have voted in favor of the
18	imposition of the tax.
19	D. The tax authorized by this Section shall be in addition to all other sales
20	and use taxes being collected by the respective governing authorities parish
21	governing authority and shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner
22	as set forth in Chapter 2 of Subtitle II of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes
23	of 1950.
24	* * *
25	§2737.52. Certain parish school boards; authority to levy additional sales and use
26	tax
27	A. Any parish school board in a parish with a population in excess of four
28	hundred thousand but less than four hundred sixty thousand according to the latest
29	federal census is The East Baton Rouge Parish School Board and the Jefferson Parish

School Board are hereby authorized to levy and collect, for a period not exceeding

30

	HB NO. 26 ENROLLED
1	three years from the date of the first levy thereof, an additional sales and use tax not
2	to exceed one-half percent within said parish their respective parishes.
3	* * *
4	§2737.56. Certain parish school boards, authority to levy additional sales and use
5	tax
6	A. Any parish school board in a parish with a population in excess of four
7	hundred thousand but less than four hundred eighty thousand according to the latest
8	federal census is The East Baton Rouge Parish School Board and the Jefferson Parish
9	School Board are hereby authorized to levy and collect an additional sales and use
10	tax not to exceed one-half percent within said the parish.
11	* * *
12	§2737.66. Authority to levy additional sales and use tax; creation of special
13	districts; parish school boards in parishes with a population between one
14	hundred twenty-five thousand and one hundred thirty-five thousand Rapides
15	Parish School Board
16	A. Any parish school board in a parish with a population in excess of one
17	hundred twenty-five thousand but less than one hundred thirty-five thousand
18	according to the latest federal decennial census The Rapides Parish School Board is
19	hereby authorized to levy and collect an additional sales and use tax not to exceed
20	one percent.
21	* * *
22	C.(1) The governing authority of the respective parish school district is
23	authorized to create a special district or districts to utilize the additional tax

26 * * *

24

25

authorized herein. Any special district or districts so created may contain all or any

portion of territory contained within the boundaries of the parish.

§2737.71. Certain school boards Tensas Parish School Board; authority to levy and
collect additional sales and use tax; population between five thousand and
nine thousand

A. Any school board in a parish having a population of more than five thousand but fewer than nine thousand persons as of the most recent federal decennial census The Tensas Parish School Board may levy and collect an additional sales and use tax not in excess of one-half of one percent.

* * *

§2737.73. Certain school boards Madison Parish School Board; authority to levy and collect additional sales and use tax; population between 13,000 and 14,000

A. Any school board in a parish having a population of more than thirteen thousand but fewer than fourteen thousand persons as of the most recent federal decennial census The Madison Parish School Board may levy and collect an additional sales and use tax not in excess of one percent.

* * *

§2737.74. Authorization to levy and collect additional sales and use tax in certain parishes; population between forty-two thousand five hundred and forty-three thousand five hundred; parishes of Lincoln, St. John the Baptist, and Washington

A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of any parish having a population in excess of forty-two thousand five hundred but fewer than forty-three thousand five hundred persons, as determined by the most recent federal decennial census authorities of the parishes of Lincoln, St. John the Baptist, and Washington, may levy and collect an additional one percent sales and use tax within the parish their respective parishes under the provisions of Article VI, Section 29(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, which additional sales and use tax shall not be subject to the combined rate limitations established by Article VI, Section 29(A) of the Constitution of Louisiana, nor the combined rate limitation established by R.S. 33:2721.6.

B. The sales and use tax so levied shall be imposed by ordinance of the governing authority of such the parish and shall be levied upon the sale at retail, the use, lease, or rental, consumption, and the storage for use or consumption of tangible personal property, and on sales of services in the parish, all as defined in Chapter 2 of Subtitle II of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950. However, the ordinance imposing the tax shall be adopted by the governing authority only after the question of the imposition of the tax has been submitted to the qualified electors of such the parish at an election to be conducted on or before July 31, 2000, in accordance with the election laws of the state of Louisiana, and a majority of those voting in the election have voted in favor of the imposition of the tax.

* * *

§2738.84. Authorization to levy and collect additional sales and use tax in certain parishes and municipalities

A.

* * *

(2)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of a parish having a population in excess of three hundred and fifty thousand but fewer than four hundred and thirty-five thousand persons, as determined by the most recent federal decennial census, the parish of East Baton Rouge may levy and collect an additional one percent sales and use tax within the parish under the provisions of Article VI, Section 29(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, which additional sales and use tax shall not be subject to the combined rate limitations established in Article VI, Section 29(A) of the Constitution of Louisiana, nor any other provision of law to the contrary.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of any municipality located in a parish having a population in excess of three hundred and fifty thousand and fewer than four hundred and thirty-five thousand persons, as determined by the most recent federal decennial census, the parish of East Baton Rouge may levy and collect an additional one percent sales and use tax within the municipality under the provisions of Article VI, Section 29(B) of

the Constitution of Louisiana, which additional sales and use tax shall not be subject to the combined rate limitations established in Article VI, Section 29(A) of the Constitution of Louisiana, nor any other provision of law to the contrary.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of a parish having a population in excess of four hundred and seventy thousand persons, as determined by the most recent federal decennial census, the parish of Orleans may levy and collect an additional one percent sales and use tax within the parish under the provisions of Article VI, Section 29(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, which additional sales and use tax shall not be subject to the combined rate limitations established in Article VI, Section 29(A) of the Constitution of Louisiana, nor any other provision of law to the contrary.

* * *

§2738.85. Authorization to levy and collect additional sales and use tax: <u>Lafayette</u> Parish

A.(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any parish having a population in excess of one hundred eighty-seven thousand, but fewer than one hundred ninety-one thousand people as determined by the most recent federal decennial census the parish of Lafayette, the largest municipality within such parish, and any sales tax district or districts created by the governing authority of such parish pursuant to R.S. 33:2721.6 may levy and collect an additional sales and use tax of up to one percent pursuant to the provisions of Article VI, Section 29(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana; provided that such levy shall not result in an increase in the rate of the sales and use tax levied within the parish or any portion of the parish in excess of one percent. The additional sales and use tax shall not be subject to the combined rate limitations established by Article VI, Section 29(A) of the Constitution of Louisiana, nor any other provision of law to the contrary, including the combined rate limitation established by R.S. 33:2721.6.

* *

§2740.18. Hotel occupancy tax; Jefferson and Orleans parishes

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

A.(1) Except as provided in Subsection D of this Section, in addition to any other tax or assessment levied or authorized by law, the governing authority authorities of any parish with a population in excess of four hundred forty thousand and less than five hundred twenty thousand is the parish of Jefferson and the parish of Orleans are hereby authorized and empowered to levy and collect a tax upon the paid occupancy of hotel rooms located within the respective parish. The hotel occupancy tax shall be one percent of the rent or fee charged for such occupancy.

* * *

§2740.18.1. Hotel occupancy tax in parishes with populations of not less than four hundred twenty-five thousand and not greater than four hundred seventy-five thousand Jefferson Parish

A. The governing authority of any parish with a population not less than four hundred and twenty-five thousand and not greater than four hundred and seventyfive thousand the parish of Jefferson is hereby authorized and empowered to levy and collect a tax upon the paid occupancy of hotel rooms located on the east bank of the Mississippi River within the parish. The hotel occupancy tax shall be one percent of the rent or fee charged for such occupancy. The word "hotel" as used in this Section shall mean and include any establishment engaged in the business of furnishing or providing rooms intended or designated for dwelling, lodging, or sleeping purposes to transient guests, where such establishment contains two or more rooms. "Hotel" does not include any hospital, convalescent or nursing home, or sanitarium, or hotel-like facility operated by or in connection with a hospital or medical clinic providing rooms exclusively for patients and their families. The hotel occupancy tax shall be paid by the person who exercises or is entitled to occupancy of the hotel room and shall be paid at the time the rent or fee for occupancy is paid. "Person" as used herein shall have the same definition as that contained in R.S. 47:301(8).

29 * * *

\$2740.34.	Tax	authorization
X2/10.51.	I un	uuuioiiZuuoii

A. The governing authority of any parish with a population of between thirty-eight thousand and forty-five thousand and which is split by the Mississippi River authorities of the parishes of St. Charles and St. John the Baptist, or parishes acting jointly or in cooperation with one or more parishes as provided in Article VI, Section 20 of the Constitution of Louisiana, is are hereby authorized to levy a tax upon admission charges, concessions, and other sales of tangible personal property at motor vehicle speedway or racetrack facilities located within the parish, or parishes if such tax is levied in cooperation with other parishes. The tax shall be imposed by ordinance adopted by the parish or by each parish if the tax is levied in cooperation with one or more parishes. The tax shall not exceed two percent of admission charges, concession prices, or the price of other tangible personal property sold.

14 * * *

§2740.35. Economic development districts; <u>city of New Orleans;</u> creation, composition, and powers; preparation of plans; levy of ad valorem taxes and issuance of bonds

A.(1) There is hereby created a special taxing district within any municipality with a population of four hundred seventy-five thousand or more persons the city of New Orleans comprised of the territory located within the boundary of Almonaster Avenue, one mile north of Hayne Boulevard/Lake Pontchartrain, the Industrial Canal, and the St. Tammany-Orleans Parish line.

* * *

§2740.36. Tax on dumped trash; certain districts in certain municipalities the city of New Orleans

26 * * *

B. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the governing body of a business and industrial district located in a municipality having a population in excess of four hundred fifty thousand persons as of the most recent decennial census the city of New Orleans may levy and collect a tax on trash dumped in any area of

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED

1	the business and industrial district specified by district ordinance adopted pursuant
2	to Paragraph (C)(2) of this Section.
3	* * *
4	§2740.37. Educational facilities improvement districts
5	* * *
6	B.(1)(a) There is hereby created in the school districts in Tangipahoa,
7	Livingston, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Webster, Jefferson, Lafayette,
8	Sabine, DeSoto, Red River, Richland, Morehouse, Madison, Tensas, Natchitoches,
9	Winn, East Carroll, West Carroll, LaSalle, Grant, Caldwell, Franklin, Ouachita, and
10	Bienville, and St. Landry parishes, the city of Monroe, and the city of Baker, should
11	a city of Baker municipal school system be established as provided by law, a
12	political subdivision to be known as an educational facilities improvement district,
13	hereinafter sometimes referred to as a "district". Each district shall have boundaries
14	coterminous with the respective school district.
15	(b) Additionally, in accordance with the legislative findings and
16	determinations enumerated in Subsection A of this Section and in furtherance of the
17	purposes specified in such Subsection, there is hereby created in the school districts
18	in parishes having a population of between seventy-eight thousand and eighty-four
19	thousand persons according to the most recent federal decennial census a political
20	subdivision to be known as an educational facilities improvement district, hereinafter
21	sometimes referred to as a "district". Each district shall have boundaries
22	coterminous with the respective school district.
23	* * *
24	§2740.61. Downtown development district; certain municipalities city of
25	<u>Donaldsonville</u>
26	A historic district created and provided for by ordinance by the governing
27	authority of any municipality with a population of more than seven thousand five

28

hundred fifty but less than seven thousand six hundred fifty persons according to the

	HB NO. 26 ENROLLED
1	latest federal decennial census the city of Donaldsonville shall be deemed to be and
2	shall be recognized as a downtown development district.
3	* * *
4	§3892. Sewerage districts; certain parishes Tangipahoa Parish
5	A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the provisions
6	of this Section shall apply to any parish sewerage district located in any parish with
7	a population of not more than one hundred two thousand and not less than ninety-
8	nine thousand persons, based on the latest federal decennial census the parish of
9	Tangipahoa.
10	* * *
11	PART IV. PRIVATIZATION OF SEWERAGE AND WATER BOARD FACILITIES
12	IN MUNICIPALITIES WITH A POPULATION OF 475,000 OR MORE THE CITY OF
13	NEW ORLEANS
14	§4159.10. Public sewage and water drainage disposal and treatment facilities;
15	privatization; specific authorization procedures; city of New Orleans
16	* * *
17	B. Procedures. Prior to entering into any contracts or agreements relative to
18	the ownership, operation, or maintenance of any sewerage and water board sewage
19	or water disposal or treatment facility with a nonpublic entity, in any municipality
20	with a population in excess of four hundred seventy-five thousand, in accordance to
21	the most recent federal decennial census in the city of New Orleans the following
22	procedures shall occur:
23	* * *
24	§4169. Collection contracts for sewerage service charges; access charges;
25	enforcement procedures for delinquent charges
26	* * *

C. In parishes with a population of not less than four hundred twenty-five

thousand nor more than four hundred seventy-five thousand the parish of Jefferson,

27

28

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
HB NO. 20	ENRULLED

any such contract as authorized in R.S. 33:4169 Subsections (A) A and (B) B of this
<u>Section</u> may be executed for a term up to twenty-five years.

3 * * *

§4175. Public power authorities in municipalities with a population in excess of four hundred thousand the city of New Orleans

* * *

B.(1) Any municipality having a population in excess of four hundred thousand according to the most recent federal decennial census The city of New Orleans may create a public power authority as a political subdivision of the state of Louisiana constituting a legal entity separate and apart from the municipal corporation in accordance with the procedures established under the provisions of R.S. 33:4172 for the purpose of providing electric power and energy and/or and gas services solely to the municipality and its inhabitants and engaging in related activities in furtherance thereof.

* * *

§4305. Domicile; meetings; officers; bonds; depositories; compensation; rate fixing

17 * * *

18 B.

19 * * *

(2) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Subsection or of any other provision of law, in any parish having a population, according to the latest official federal decennial census, of not less than 250,000 or more than 325,000 in which there presently exists a single gas utility district the parish of East Baton Rouge, no member of the board of commissioners shall be paid a salary for his services, but may be paid a fee of up to fifty dollars for each meeting he attends as determined by the board, for not in excess of twenty-four regular and twelve special meetings in each year, and shall be entitled to reimbursement for all expenditures which he incurs in carrying on the business of the district. The meeting fee may be adjusted once annually to reflect the change in the valuation of the dollar; however, the total fee shall not exceed fifty dollars per meeting. The chief executive officer of the board,

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
-----------	----------

president or chairman, the vice-president vice president or vice-chairman vice chairman when he serves as chief executive officer, the secretary, the treasurer, or the secretary-treasurer may receive such reasonable additional compensation for administrative services as is commensurate with the duties to be performed.

5 *

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

18

20

21

22

23

27

28

29

30

SUBPART F. UTILITY COMMISSIONS IN MUNICIPALITIES OF 6,000 TO 7,000

CERTAIN MUNICIPALITIES

§4311. Creation of commission; membership

The governing authorities of any municipality incorporated under the provisions of R.S. 33:321 to R.S. 33:481, having a population from six thousand to seven thousand the municipalities of Carencro, Denham Springs, Lake Providence, Oakdale, Port Allen, Springhill, and Winnfield are hereby authorized to create utilities commissions, by ordinance adopted following the effective date of this Subpart. The commissions shall consist of five qualified electors and citizens of the respective parishes wherein the municipalities creating the commissions are located.

17 * * *

§4546.2. Creation of the authority

19 * * *

D. The provisions of this Chapter shall be inapplicable with respect to any municipality having a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more persons the city of New Orleans or a consolidated form of government of three hundred fifty thousand or more persons to the East Baton Rouge city-parish form of government.

24 * * *

§4561.1. Naming of civic center theater by certain municipal governing authorities;
 city of Monroe

Notwithstanding R.S. 14:316 or any other law to the contrary, a municipal governing authority in a home rule charter municipality with a population of not less than fifty thousand and not more than fifty-five thousand persons according to the most recent federal decennial census The governing authority of the city of Monroe

may name a civic center theater in honor of a former living mayor of the municipality who served in such office for more than fifteen years and his service in such office ended prior to 1980.

* * *

§4562.1. Service charge authorized; assessment and collection; St. Mary Parish

A. The governing authority of any recreation district in a parish whose population is greater than fifty-six thousand persons and less than fifty-eight thousand one hundred and fifty persons as of the most recent federal census the parish of St. Mary is hereby authorized to establish, by majority vote of the members of the authority, a service charge or rates of service charges for each residential or commercial structure for a term not to exceed ten years to be assessed on persons owning each such structure, whether occupied or unoccupied, located wholly or partly within the boundaries of the recreation district, subject to the provisions of Subsection B of this Section. For purposes of this Section, each residential or commercial unit in a structure shall be considered a separate structure, and a mobile home, as defined in R.S. 9:1149.2(3), shall be considered a structure. Such service charges or rates of service charges shall be equal for all structures and shall be framed so as to cover, and shall be used for, the costs of constructing, acquiring, maintaining, operating and/or improving recreation services and facilities for the recreation district, including property and equipment necessary for such purposes.

B. Service charges or rates of service charges so established shall be assessed by resolution of the governing authority of the recreation district in a parish whose population is greater than fifty-six thousand persons and less than fifty-eight thousand one hundred and fifty persons as of the most recent federal census. However, the resolution assessing the service charges shall be adopted by the governing authority only after the question of the assessment, its duration, and the amount of the service charge or rates of service charges to be established have been submitted to and approved by a majority of voters of the district voting at an election

held for that purpose. Such election shall be conducted in accordance with the election laws of the state.

* * *

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

§4562.2. Parcel fee; submission to voters; St. Mary Parish

A. In addition to all other charges, fees, and taxes authorized to be levied, each recreation district in a parish whose population is greater than fifty-six thousand persons and less than fifty-eight thousand one hundred and fifty persons as of the most recent federal census the parish of St. Mary may levy and collect a parcel fee within its boundaries which shall not exceed one hundred dollars per parcel per year, which parcel fee shall be imposed by resolution or ordinance of the governing authority of the district only after the question of the imposition of the parcel fee and the purpose, rate, and duration of the parcel fee has been approved by a majority of the voters of the district voting at an election held therein. The proceeds of such parcel fee shall be expended for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, maintaining, operating, or improving recreation services and facilities for the recreation district, including property and equipment necessary for such purposes. Any parcel fee imposed pursuant to this Section shall be levied and collected and be due and owing annually. Such fee may be carried on the tax rolls for the parish in which such district is located and collected at the same time as parish ad valorem taxes. If any parcel fee is not paid when due, such district shall proceed against the parcel for collection of the amount of the fee unpaid and delinquent, any collection costs incurred by such district plus interest at a rate not exceeding twelve percent on the unpaid amount of the parcel fee, and in the event legal proceedings are necessary to effect collection, court costs, and reasonable attorney's attorney fees. However, attorney's attorney fees shall be payable by the parcel owner only if demand by the governing authority of such district has been made on the parcel owner by registered or certified mail, and such parcel owner has failed to pay the amount due within ten days after such demand. A judgment obtained for nonpayment of a parcel fee, upon being recorded in the mortgage records in the parish in which a district is located, shall prime all other liens except those for taxes and prior recorded local or special

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

assessments. If there are one or more property mortgages on such parcel and the mortgage holder or holders have notified the tax collector in the parish of such recorded mortgage in accordance with the requirements of R.S. 47:2180.1, the district, prior to proceeding against such parcel for failure to pay a parcel fee, shall give notice to each mortgagee of the amount of the parcel fee due and owing on such parcel and that such parcel fee must be paid within twenty days after the mailing of the notice or proceedings will be commenced against the parcel. The notice shall be sent to each such mortgage holder by certified mail, return receipt requested, or made by person or domiciliary service on such mortgage holder.

B. Each district in a parish whose population is greater than fifty-six thousand persons and less than fifty-eight thousand one hundred and fifty persons as of the most recent federal census the parish may incur debt and issue bonds payable from an irrevocable pledge and dedication of all or a portion of the proceeds of a parcel fee, provided, however, that the question of funding said proceeds into bonds shall have been approved by a majority of the voters of the district voting at an election held therein and the State Bond Commission has approved the issuance of the bonds. The question or proposition with respect to the funding of the proceeds of the parcel fee into bonds may be voted upon at the election held to authorize the imposition of the parcel fee or may be submitted at a separate election held for that purpose. The maturities of the bonds shall be so arranged that the total amount of principal and interest falling due in any year, together with that falling due in such year on all bonds theretofore issued payable from such parcel fee, shall not exceed eighty percent of the estimated proceeds to be received from the levy of such parcel fee in the calendar year in which the bonds are issued. The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and shall be issued pursuant to the provisions of a resolution adopted by the governing authority of the district; provided that the bonds shall mature over a period not to exceed the period for which the parcel fee, the proceeds of which are to be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds, is authorized. The

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
-----------	-----------------

1	bonds and the income therefrom shall be exempt from taxation by the state and by
2	any parish, municipality, or political subdivision thereof.
3	* * *
4	§4564. Board of commissioners; appointment and tenure; organization; secretary-
5	treasurer; compensation
6	* * *
7	D. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection B of this Section, each
8	commissioner of a recreational district in a parish with a population between one
9	hundred thousand and one hundred five thousand based on the most recent federal
10	decennial census the parishes of Tangipahoa and Terrebonne shall receive a per diem
11	of twenty-five dollars.
12	* * *
13	§4570.11. Recreation and park commissions; certain parishes commission; St. John
14	the Baptist Parish
15	A. There is hereby created a recreation and park commission within any
16	parish with a population of not less than thirty-nine thousand three hundred persons
17	and not more than forty-one thousand five hundred persons as of the most recent
18	federal decennial census the parish of St. John the Baptist, whose authority shall
19	extend to the whole of such a parish, inclusive of all municipalities within the parish.
20	Any such commission shall be known as the "Recreation and Park Commission of
21	the Parish of St. John the Baptist".
22	B.(1) The commission shall be composed of commissioners appointed as
23	follows:
24	(a) Two shall be appointed by the parish president or the police jury
25	president, subject to approval of the parish council or police jury, from a list of four
26	nominations submitted by the chamber of commerce active in the parish.
27	(b) Two shall be appointed by the parish president or the police jury
28	president, subject to approval of the parish council or police jury, from a list of four
29	nominations submitted by the principals and athletic directors of public high schools

in the parish.

30

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
NO. 20	ENKULLED

1	(c) One shall be appointed by the parish president or the police jury
2	president, subject to approval of the parish council or police jury, from a list of two
3	nominations submitted by the parish sheriff.
4	(d) Four shall be appointed by the parish president or the police jury
5	president, subject to approval of the parish council or police jury, from a list of
6	nominations compiled from one nomination from each member of the parish council
7	or police jury.
8	* * *
9	§4574. Tourist commissions; creation; purpose; directors; powers
10	* * *
11	B. Pursuant to Article VI, Sections 19 and 30 of the Constitution of
12	Louisiana, the following commissions and bureaus, hereafter collectively referred
13	to in this Chapter as "tourist commissions" or "commissions", are hereby specifically
14	created as special districts or commissions. Each such commission shall be a body
15	politic and corporate and a political subdivision of the state of Louisiana, composed
16	of the following territory:
17	* * *
18	(40) A tourist commission composed of all the territory in any parish having
19	a population of not less than twenty-five thousand five hundred and not more than
20	twenty-eight thousand persons as of the most recent federal decennial census
21	Plaquemines Parish; composed of all the territory in Plaquemines Parish.
22	* * *
23	F.(1)
24	* * *
25	(b)
26	* * *
27	(iii) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, in parishes with
28	populations between thirty-five thousand and forty thousand persons, the parishes
29	of Evangeline and Natchitoches, the governing authority herein named authorities
30	of the respective parishes may appoint as one member of said the commission the

president of any city or parish chamber of commerce within the jurisdictional boundaries of said the governing authority, provided that said the commission shall serve only one parish. Any member so appointed shall serve on said the commission for the duration of his term as president of said the chamber of commerce.

* * *

§4574.1.1. Occupancy taxes levied by the commissions

A. For the purposes set forth in Paragraph (F)(3) of this Section, a commission created pursuant to R.S. 33:4574(B) is authorized to levy and collect a tax upon the occupancy of hotel rooms, motel rooms, and overnight camping facilities within the jurisdiction of the commission. Such tax shall not exceed the following percentages of the rent or fee charged for such occupancy:

* * *

(40) A tourist commission in any parish having a population of not less than twenty-five thousand five hundred and not more than twenty-eight thousand persons as of the most recent federal decennial census Plaquemines Parish, two percent.

* * *

(42) A convention and visitor's bureau or commission in any parish having a population of not less than one hundred thirty-five thousand and not more than one hundred seventy-five thousand persons as of the July 1, 1998 population estimate by the United States Bureau of the Census Monroe-West Monroe Convention and Visitor's Bureau of Ouachita Parish, two percent. The proceeds of such occupancy tax shall only be used be used only for the acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance, and activities of the convention and visitor's bureau or commission in such parish. The percentage rate provided in this Subparagraph shall be in addition to any other percentage authorized by law.

* * *

(45) Any tourist commission in a parish having a population of not fewer than forty-eight thousand one hundred and not more than fifty-two thousand five

hundred persons as of the most recent federal decennial census St. Martin Parish

Tourist Commission, two percent in addition to any other such tax authorized by law.

* * *

N.(1) Any tourist commission composed of all the territory in any parish having a population of not less than twenty-one thousand eight hundred and not more than twenty-two thousand eight hundred persons as of the most recent federal decennial census The Pointe Coupee Parish Tourist Commission may levy and collect an additional tax upon the occupancy of hotel rooms, motel rooms, and overnight camping facilities within the jurisdiction of the commission not to exceed one percent.

* * *

Q.(1)(a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any tourist commission in a parish with a population of not less than fifty-three thousand seven hundred and not more than fifty-seven thousand seven hundred persons according to the most recent federal decennial census the Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission shall levy and collect an additional tax of three percent upon the occupancy of hotel rooms, motel rooms, and overnight camping facilities within the jurisdiction of the commission. The tax shall be levied without a vote of the people by ordinance adopted by the governing authority of the tourist commission. The percentage rate provided in this Subsection shall be in addition to any other percentage authorized by law.

- (b) The tourist commission shall provide athletic programs for the youth of the parish and shall enter into cooperative endeavors with the governing authorities of the parish and any municipality with a population of not less than six thousand and not more than twelve thousand persons according to the most recent federal decennial census within the parish, as appropriate, for such purposes, including the expenditure or allocation of revenue, as provided in this Subsection, for such purposes.
- (2)(a) Two-thirds of the proceeds of the tax collected pursuant to this Subsection shall be dedicated for youth athletic programs throughout the parish and

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
11D 11O. 20	EMOLLED

1	shall be used to purchase insurance, uniforms, and athletic equipment and supplies.
2	The proceeds of the tax shall be distributed, based upon the number of youth
3	participating in athletic programs, on a per capita basis.
4	(b) One-third of the proceeds of the tax collected pursuant to this Subsection
5	shall be dedicated for the promotion of tourism, including advertisements promoting
6	festivals and other events within the parish.
7	(c) None of the proceeds of the tax collected pursuant to this Subsection shall
8	be used or expended for capital outlay purposes.
9	(3) If the tax provided for in this Subsection is not levied within sixty days
10	after July 11, 2005, such failure shall be considered a failure to perform a ministerial
11	duty required by law of public officials. To this end, the district attorney for the
12	parish shall provoke the issuance of a writ of mandamus to compel the appropriate
13	officials to act as provided by law.
14	(4)(2)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, two-
15	thirds of the monies collected by the Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission from the
16	levy of the additional three percent tax on the occupancy of hotel rooms, motel
17	rooms, and overnight camping facilities as authorized by law, shall be used to fund
18	recreation programs for all youth in Vermilion Parish. The commission shall enter
19	into a cooperative endeavor with the governing authority of Vermilion Parish and
20	each entity provided for in this Subparagraph to provide for the allocation of revenue
21	collected for such purposes. The revenue collected for purposes of this
22	Subparagraph shall be allocated as follows:
23	(i) Twenty-eight and one-half percent shall be allocated to the city of
24	Abbeville.
25	(ii) Twenty-three and one-half percent shall be allocated to the city of
26	Kaplan.
27	(iii) Fourteen percent shall be allocated to the North Vermilion Youth
28	Athletic Association.
29	(iv) Eight percent shall be allocated to the town of Delcambre.
30	(v) Eight percent shall be allocated to the town of Erath.

(vi) Eight percent shall be allocated to the town of Gueydan.

- (vii) Five percent shall be allocated to the village of Maurice.
- (viii) Five percent shall be allocated to the Vermilion Parish Police Jury.
- (b) Any revenue collected by the Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission to fund athletic programs for all youth in Vermilion Parish and not expended prior to the effective date of this Subparagraph shall be used to fund recreation programs in Vermilion Parish as provided in Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph.
- (c)(i) A minimum of seventy-five percent of the revenue allocated to the governmental entities pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall be used by each governmental entity to provide funds to any qualified nonprofit youth recreation organization within the territorial jurisdiction of the governmental entity which agrees to enter into a cooperative endeavor with the governmental entities agreeing to use such funds for purposes of youth recreation.
- (ii) The revenue allocated to the governmental entities shall be distributed by each entity to the qualified nonprofit youth recreation organizations on a pro-rata basis, based upon the number of youth participating in recreational programs of the organization compared to the total number of youth participating in programs of all the qualified nonprofit youth recreation organizations receiving funds from the governmental entity.
- (iii) The remaining funds may be used by each governmental entity for youth recreation purposes as determined by such entity.
- (d) As used in this Paragraph the following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them:
- (i) "Qualified nonprofit youth recreation organizations" means an organization whose primary function is related to youth recreation purposes and is recognized by the United States Internal Revenue Service as entitled to exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. The term shall not include any organization which is in default on any filing or payment with or to the state or any of its agencies or political subdivisions and against which an assessment or judgment that is final and nonappealable has been rendered, and

remains	outstanding,	in	favor	of	the	state,	or	any	of	its	agencies,	or	political
subdivisi	ions.												

- (ii) "Youth recreation purposes" means any use of funds which is related to recreation of persons eighteen years of age or younger, including but not limited to the purchase of uniforms and athletic equipment.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, one-third of the monies collected by the Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission from the levy of the additional three percent tax on the occupancy of hotel rooms, motel rooms, and overnight camping facilities as authorized by law shall be dedicated for the promotion of tourism, including advertisements promoting festivals and other events within the parish.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, monies collected by the Vermilion Parish Tourist Commission from the levy of the additional three percent tax on the occupancy of hotel rooms, motel rooms, and overnight camping facilities as authorized by law may be used or expended for capital outlay purposes.
- R. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any tourist commission in a parish with a population of not less than seventy-five thousand and not more than eighty-five thousand persons according to the most recent federal decennial census the Ascension Parish Tourist Commission shall levy and collect an additional tax of two percent upon the occupancy of hotel rooms, motel rooms, and overnight camping facilities within the jurisdiction of the commission. The tax shall be levied by ordinance adopted by the governing authority of the tourist commission and only after approval by a majority of the electorate of such parish voting in an election held for such purpose. The percentage rate provided in this Subsection shall be in addition to any other percentage authorized by law.

27 * * *

28 §4574.2. Budget; borrowing money; audit

29 * * *

D. Any parish commission in a parish with a population of not less than nineteen thousand fifty nor more than twenty thousand based upon the Census of Population and Housing, 1980: Summary Tape File 1A Louisiana/Prepared by the Bureau of the Census.--Washington: The Bureau of the Census, 1981 the parish of West Baton Rouge may borrow money to construct a tourist information center on commission property provided that the funds are borrowed from a licensed financial institution; the loan is secured by a first mortgage upon the immovable property of the commission; the sum borrowed is less than the market value of the immovable property pledged as security for the loan; and the payments under such loan can be repaid out of the revenue anticipated from the tax authorized herein during the period in which the loan is to be repaid.

* *

§4574.19. Tourist commissions of certain parishes <u>commission; Tangipahoa Parish;</u> designation

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any tourist commission created pursuant to R.S. 33:4574 in a parish having a population of not less than one hundred thousand but not more than one hundred four thousand, based on the latest federal decennial census, and notwithstanding any other designation provided in R.S. 33:4574, the commission the parish of Tangipahoa shall be designated as, and be known by, the name of the parish followed by "______ as the Tangipahoa Parish Tourist Commission".

* * *

§4579. Events center districts in certain parishes

A. There is hereby created in each parish with a population between one hundred forty-four thousand and one hundred sixty thousand based on the latest federal decennial census the parish of St. Tammany an events center district. The district shall consist of the entire area of the parish. The district is created for the purposes set forth in R.S. 33:4579 through 4579.5 and shall be responsible for the

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
NO. 20	ENKULLED

1	acquisition, construction, development, maintenance, and operation of an events
2	center and the programs and events undertaken therein.
3	* * *
4	§4709.21. Business and industrial districts in municipalities with a population in
5	excess of four hundred fifty thousand the city of New Orleans; tax
6	exemptions
7	A. As used in this Section, "business and industrial district" means a
8	business and industrial district located in a municipality with a population in excess
9	of four hundred fifty thousand persons based on the latest federal decennial census
10	the city of New Orleans and established for the purpose of providing for the
1	acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of special
12	projects, additional municipal services, capital improvements, and facilities within
13	the district.
14	* * *
15	§4712.15. Naming of courthouse annex building by the governing authority of
16	certain parishes; Beauregard Parish
17	The governing authority of a parish with a population of not less than thirty-
18	one thousand five hundred persons and not more than thirty-three thousand persons
19	according to the most recent federal decennial census the parish of Beauregard may
20	name a building used as a courthouse annex located in the parish seat as the M.
21	Bolivar Bishop Courthouse Annex Building in honor of M. Bolivar Bishop, a living
22	person who has served as sheriff for more than thirty-five years commencing in
23	1972.
24	* * *
25	§4717. Sale of municipal or parish property no longer needed for public use
26	* * *
27	B. Notwithstanding any provisions of Subsection A of this Section, a
28	municipality with a population in excess of four hundred seventy-five thousand the

municipality with a population in excess of four hundred seventy-five thousand the city of New Orleans shall have the authority to transfer ownership of immovable property to a nonprofit organization which is tax exempt pursuant to Section 501(c)

29

30

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
112 110.20	EI (ROBBED

1	of the Internal Revenue Code or to a first-time home buyer on the basis of appraised
2	value without the necessity of bid. Such first-time homebuyers shall receive credit
3	for investments such as money, materials, and labor made on the property prior to
4	the transfer, and the municipality may allow the transfer of the property to take the
5	form of a lease-to-purchase agreement.
6	* * *
7	§4720.161. Parish redevelopment authority
8	* * *
9	Q. As used in this Part, the following terms shall have the meaning herein
10	ascribed to them:
11	* * *
12	(7) "Parish" means each parish with a population of not less than one
13	hundred eighty-five thousand persons and not more than one hundred ninety-one
14	thousand persons, according to the latest federal decennial census the parish of
15	<u>Lafayette</u> .
16	* * *
17	§4722. Creation of districts; powers of municipal authorities; transfers of
18	development rights; and uniform regulations within district
19	* * *
20	B. The governing authority of all municipalities having over four hundred
21	seventy-five thousand population the city of New Orleans shall have the power to
22	provide for official landmark or other appropriate designation by ordinance of areas,
23	places, buildings, and structures having a special historical, community, or aesthetic

so designated by ordinance to impose regulations governing their construction, alteration, demolition, and use and to adopt additional measures appropriate to their preservation, enhancement, or use, which additional measures may include but are not limited to:

24

25

26

27

28

29

* * *

interest or value; and in connection with those areas, places, buildings, and structures

1	C.(1) All such regulations shall be uniform for each class or kind of land and
2	structure throughout each district, but the regulations of one district may differ from
3	those in other districts. However, no regulation shall change the status of premises
4	which have been continuously used for commercial purposes since January 1, 1929,
5	without interruption for more than six consecutive months at any one time. The
6	governing authority may, however, provide for the removal of nonconforming signs
7	and billboards, less and except billboards erected in compliance with parish or
8	municipal regulations at the time of erection, provided that it first establish a
9	reasonable amortization time for removal according to a reasonable set of standards
10	and schedules.
11	(2) In the city of New Orleans the provisions of Subsection B of this Section
12	shall apply only to the area bounded by the Mississippi River, Howard Avenue, the
13	river side of I-10-Claiborne Avenue and the uptown side of Iberville Street.
14	* * *
15	§4780.51. Notification of area legislators; zoning; hazardous material; Jefferson
16	<u>Parish</u>
17	A. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the local governing
18	authority of a parish with a population of four hundred fifty thousand to four hundred
19	sixty thousand governing authority of the parish of Jefferson shall notify each
20	member of the state Senate and House of Representatives who represents any portion
21	of the parish no less than thirty days in advance of any action to be taken on an
22	application for a zoning request or zoning variance to build or enhance any storage
23	facility housing hazardous material, as defined in R.S. 30:2363(7).
24	* * *
25	§4785. Retail dealers in alcoholic beverages; suspension or revocation of permits
26	* * *
27	B. Any municipality in this state with a population in excess of four hundred
28	thousand The city of New Orleans is hereby authorized to create a municipal

thousand The city of New Orleans is hereby authorized to create a municipal alcoholic beverage control board. Such boards The board may suspend or revoke within the corporate limits, permits issued to retail dealers in beverages having an

29

30

alcoholic content of more than six percent by volume for causes set forth in R.S. 26:88, 26: and 89; and may suspend or revoke permits issued to such retail dealers in beverages having an alcoholic content of not more than six percent by volume for causes set forth in R.S. 26:285, 26: and 286. Such boards The board shall be governed by the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act unless the procedure is specifically established by R.S. 33:4787 or 33:4788.

* * *

§4790. Bicycle regulation in municipalities of over 400,000 the city of New Orleans

The governing authorities of all municipalities in this State with a population in excess of 400,000 are authority of the city of New Orleans is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt ordinances regulating the business of purchasing, selling, transferring, exchanging, repairing, or storing of new and/or used bicycles, parts and accessories for bicycles, at wholesale or retail, and to provide for the registration of description and ownership of bicycles.

15 * * *

§4877. Parish zoning ordinances; St. John the Baptist Parish

The governing authority of any parish having a population of over twenty-three thousand in which there exists no municipality the parish of St. John the Baptist is authorized to zone their territory, to create residential, commercial, and industrial districts, and to prohibit the establishment of places of business in residential districts. No zoning ordinance or creation of districts pursuant to the authority herein shall interfere with or hinder the operation of any existing public utility facilities, whether publicly or privately owned. The members of the governing authority attending zoning meetings shall be paid a twenty-five dollar per diem not to exceed eighteen meetings in any calendar year.

26 * * *

§4879. Purpose; firearms buyback program; authorization; city of New Orleans

28 * * *

B. Any municipality with a population in excess of four hundred twenty-five thousand The city of New Orleans may institute a firearms buyback program.

Funding for the buyback program shall be acquired from cash donations from private businesses and may be acquired from the municipality's city's assets seizures and forfeiture fund if the municipality city possesses such a fund. The firearms buyback program shall exist for not more than a thirty-day period in any calendar year or shall exist until the funds acquired or received for the purchase of the firearms are exhausted.

C. A municipality participating in a firearms buyback program The city shall promulgate rules of procedure governing the acquisition and disposal of firearms purchased through the program. Such weapons shall either be destroyed or delivered to law enforcement agencies of the municipality city for departmental use. In no case shall such weapon be given to any individual, except that a stolen weapon shall be returned to its rightful owner on proof of ownership.

* * *

§5062. Weed cutting in municipalities with a population of less than four hundred thousand; abutting owner's liability; notice; waiver of notice

A. The governing authority of any municipality having a population of less than four hundred thousand inhabitants, except the city of New Orleans, may enact ordinances requiring that property be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition, including ordinances providing for the cutting, destruction, or removal of noxious weeds or grass or other deleterious, unhealthful, or noxious growths on any sidewalks or banquettes and on any lot, place, or area within the municipality. The charges, costs, and expenses incurred by the municipal governing authority in enforcing such ordinances, shall, to the extent of the actual cost thereof to the municipal governing authority, be a charge, cost, or expense of the property abutting the sidewalk or banquette or of the lot, place, or area, and the owner thereof.

* * *

§7551. Environmental protection districts, creation by parishes; domicile; <u>creation</u>; <u>domicile</u>; <u>Jefferson Parish</u>

Upon the approval of the majority of the qualified electors of a parish the parish of Jefferson voting in an election called for such purpose, the governing

authority of any parish which is divided by the Mississippi River and has a population in excess of 200,000, but not more than 500,000, of such parish is authorized and empowered to form and create an environmental protection district or districts within said the parish with such name or names as said the governing authority may designate. The district may include parts of incorporated municipalities, towns, or villages, provided that before any incorporated municipality, town, or village may be included within the territory of the district, the governing authority shall first concur by resolution to be included in the district.

* * *

§7602. Findings, declaration of necessity and purpose

It is hereby found and declared that:

12 * * *

(4) There exists in parishes in the state having a population of more than four hundred seventy-five thousand and in municipalities in the state having a population of more than three hundred thousand and municipalities in the state an inadequate supply of safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations for persons and families of all income levels. This condition is contrary to the public interest and threatens the health, safety, morals and welfare, comfort, and security of the people of the parishes, municipalities, and state.

* * *

(8)(a) The interests of the state will be promoted, and the public interest best served, by the coordinated development of new communities in parishes having a population of more than four hundred seventy-five thousand and in municipalities having a population of more than three hundred thousand and municipalities.

* * *

(9) There exists within parishes having a population of more than four hundred seventy-five thousand and municipalities having a population of more than three hundred thousand and municipalities, vacant or essentially vacant land, which presents such parishes and municipalities with opportunities to develop a highly desirable quality of life for the benefit of their residents and the people of the state,

as well as to plan for the entire growth of such parishes and municipalities for the rest of this century through the acquisition, planning, and development of such land and immediate and positive action is required to ensure rational growth of available vacant land, while maximizing development opportunities and social values.

district within parishes and municipalities having a population of more than three hundred thousand realizes tax revenues is essential to its existence and financial health; the preservation and enhancement of such tax base is implicit in the purposes for which a taxing district is established; tax increment financing is an effective method of achieving such preservation and enhancement in areas in which such tax base is not experiencing vigorous growth or is declining; community development in such areas, when complete, will enhance such tax base and provide increased tax revenues to all affected taxing districts, increasing their ability to accomplish their other respective purposes; and the preservation and enhancement of the tax base in such areas through tax increment financing and the levying of taxes by such taxing districts therefor and the appropriation of funds to a new community trust fund bears a substantial relation to the purposes of such taxing districts and is for their respective purposes and concerns.

known as "New Community Development Corporations" through which the acquisition, planning, and development of land and the encouragement of maximum participation by the private sector of the economy (including the sale or lease of the corporation's interest in projects, if deemed feasible), may be accomplished, and through participation in programs undertaken by the state, its agencies and subdivisions, parishes and municipalities, having a population of more than three hundred thousand and the federal government and the issuance of bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness, the corporations and their subsidiaries may provide or obtain the capital resources necessary to acquire, construct or improve industrial, manufacturing, commercial, educational, recreational and cultural facilities, housing accommodations for persons and families of all income levels, facilities incidental

or appurtenant thereto, transportation systems and facilities, and carry out the clearance, planning, mapping, development, and construction of such areas.

* * *

§7603. Definitions

The following terms wherever used or referred to in this Chapter shall have the following meanings unless a different meaning is clearly indicated in the context:

* * *

14. "Municipality" means any city, town or incorporated village in the state having a population of more than three hundred thousand in which a new community development corporation is created hereby. "The municipality" "Municipality" or "parish" shall mean the particular municipality or parish in which a particular new community development corporation is created the city of New Orleans.

* * *

§7604. Creation of corporation; public hearing; adoption of resolution; certificate

A. In each parish of the state having a population of more than four hundred seventy-five thousand and in each municipality of the state having a population of more than three hundred thousand the city of New Orleans there is hereby created "The New Community Development Corporation", consisting of a public body. corporate and politic and instrumentality of that parish or municipality. Each such The corporation shall be authorized to perform governmental functions as herein provided in this Chapter and shall have perpetual existence; however, upon the adoption by the board of directors of such corporation of a resolution dissolving the corporation and the passage by the governing body of the parish or municipality of a resolution concurring in such dissolution, such corporation's corporate existence shall be terminated. No such corporation shall transact any business or exercise any powers conferred upon it by this Chapter until and unless the governing body of the parish or municipality has by ordinance or resolution activated the corporation.

28 * * *

§9033.3. Sales tax increment financing for certain municipalities and parishes

A. Municipalities with a population between one hundred ninety thousand
persons and two hundred fifteen thousand persons or with a population in excess of
four hundred thousand persons The municipalities of Shreveport and New Orleans
may issue revenue bonds payable from revenues generated by economic
development projects with a pledge and dedication of up to the full amount of sales
tax increments annually to be used as a guaranty of any shortfall, or at the option of
the municipality, payable solely from an irrevocable pledge and dedication of up to
the full amount of sales tax increments, in an amount to be determined by the
municipality, to finance or refinance all or any part of an economic development
project as specified in Subsection M of this Section. For purposes of this Section,
a sales tax increment shall consist of that portion of the designated sales tax,
hereinafter defined, collected each year on the sale at retail, the use, the lease or
rental, the consumption and storage for use or consumption of tangible personal
property, and on sales of services, all as defined in R.S. 47:301 et seq., or any other
appropriate provision or provisions of law as amended, from taxpayers located
within an economic development area which exceeds the sales tax revenues of the
designated sales tax that were collected in the year immediately prior to the year in
which the area was designated as an economic development area. Dedication of
sales tax increments to pay the revenue bonds shall not impair existing obligations
and shall not include tax revenues previously dedicated for a special purpose, nor
revenues of any sales taxes collected by the state of Louisiana or any political
subdivision other than the municipality.

24 * *

N. This Section shall also apply to any parish with a population between four hundred thousand and four hundred seventy-five thousand persons as of the latest federal decennial census The provisions of this Section shall also apply to the parishes of East Baton Rouge and Jefferson, and for such purpose the term

"municipality" as used in Subsections A through M of this Section shall include <u>each</u> such a parish.

* *

§9036. Encouragement of private enterprise

5 * *

B. A cooperative economic development project may be undertaken by the state or any agency or corporation acting on behalf of the state, with the prior written approval of the commissioner of administration. However, the title to any immovable property owned by the state shall remain with the state, and such projects shall be located within a downtown development district in any municipality with a population of between two hundred thousand and four hundred thousand the cities of Baton Rouge or Shreveport. In addition, the state or any agency or corporation acting on behalf of the state may lease or rent its properties located in such downtown development districts by negotiation, provided such lease or rental agreements are approved in writing by the commissioner of administration.

* * *

§9037.1. Bond financing of cooperative endeavors; municipalities and parishes with a population in excess of four hundred thousand persons; city of New Orleans; parishes of East Baton Rouge and Jefferson; leases

Any economic development corporation or political subdivision of the state may issue bonds, subject to applicable law, to finance a cooperative endeavor. Any municipality or parish with a population in excess of four hundred thousand persons

The city of New Orleans and the parishes of East Baton Rouge and Jefferson or any municipality within any such a parish, or any public benefit corporation formed by any such municipality or parish, or economic development corporation established in any such municipality or parish, may enter into any lease or sublease for the purpose, directly or indirectly, of securing or providing revenues to be used to pay the principal or interest on such bonds which lease or sublease may be for a period not exceeding ninety-nine years.

* * *

20020 21	Definitions
090138 31	Detinitions

As used in this Part, the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:

* * *

(3) "Local governmental subdivision" means any municipality or parish or any municipality, parish, local industrial board, or local public trust authorized pursuant to R.S. 33:9038.33(N) or 9038.34(N) having jurisdiction over the geographical area bounded by the Mississippi River, the Orleans/Jefferson parish line and the Orleans/Plaquemines parish line; but the provisions of this Part shall not apply to any of the financing of construction, renovations, or improvements of any convention center, hotel complex, and ancillary facilities within any municipality having a population in excess of one hundred ninety thousand persons but not more than two hundred five thousand persons according to the latest federal decennial census the city of Shreveport. However, the provisions of this Part shall apply to any parish having a population of not more than one hundred thirty thousand persons and not less than one hundred twenty thousand persons, according to the most recent federal decennial census the parish of Rapides, only as provided in R.S. 33:9038.41.

* * *

§9038.41. Tax increment financing; parishes with one hundred twenty thousand to one hundred thirty thousand population Rapides Parish

A. The provisions of this Section shall be applicable to any parish having a population of not more than one hundred thirty thousand persons and not less than one hundred twenty thousand persons, according to the most recent decennial federal census the parish of Rapides.

B. The provisions of this Part shall apply to any parish to which this Section is applicable the parish of Rapides, but only for the following purposes:

27 * * *

§9038.55. Conditions on use of certain lands for economic development; East Baton

Rouge Parish

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no parish with a population in excess of four hundred thousand persons but not more than four hundred thirty thousand persons according to the latest federal decennial census or neither the parish of East Baton Rouge nor any municipality within such a parish shall move a zoo from the site on which it is located on August 15, 2004, to create an economic development district, until the current site has a suitable replacement for use of the property, as determined by the governing authority of the parish.

* * *

§9038.61. Tax increment financing; certain cities for certain purposes; city of Baton

Rouge

A. The provisions of this Section shall be applicable to any city having a population of not more than two hundred fifty thousand persons and not less than two hundred fifteen thousand persons, according to the most recent decennial federal census the city of Baton Rouge. The provisions of this Part not in conflict with this Section shall apply to any city to which this Section is applicable the city of Baton Rouge.

* * *

§9053.1. Creation of parishwide ambulance service district; certain parishes Bossier

Parish

A. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority of any parish with a population of less than one hundred thousand persons which includes a municipality with a population of more than fifty thousand persons, according to the most recent decennial census the parish of Bossier, may, upon its own initiative, form and create a single parishwide ambulance service district, excluding incorporated municipalities, except that any incorporated municipality within the parish shall be included within the single parishwide ambulance service

HB NO. 26	ENROLLED
1D NO. 20	LI

district	upon	concurrence	by	resolution	of	the	governing	authority	of	the
municip	ality.									

3 * * *

§9073.1. Huntington Park Subdivision Improvement District

A. Creation. The Huntington Park Subdivision Improvement District, a special taxing district, hereinafter referred to in this Section as the "district", is hereby created in any municipality with a population greater than four hundred seventy-five thousand the city of New Orleans.

* * *

§9076. Certain improvement districts

A. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the governing authority in any parish with a population in excess of four hundred seventy-five thousand persons or more according to the latest federal decennial census the parish of Orleans may continue to levy and collect any tax or fee levied to support an improvement district within such parish created to promote and encourage the beautification, security, and betterment of any subdivision located within the district. The continuation of such levy shall be contingent on the approval of a majority of the registered voters of the district at an election called pursuant to the Louisiana Election Code.

20 * * *

21 §9611. Application and purpose

A.(1) This Chapter applies to the following:

- (a) Municipalities that are governed by a home rule charter and that have a population in excess of two hundred fifty thousand persons according to the latest federal decennial census.
- (b) Parishes that are governed by a home rule charter and that have a population in excess of four hundred thousand persons according to the latest federal decennial census city of New Orleans and the parishes of East Baton Rouge and Jefferson.

	HB NO. 26 ENROLLED					
1	(2) "Local governmental subdivision" or "municipality", as used in this					
2	Chapter, means municipalities and parishes to which the Chapter is applicable.					
3	* * *					
4	Section 2. Subpart B-31 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised					
5	Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 33:130.591 through 130.599, R.S. 33:130.601(5),					
6	Subpart B-41 of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950,					
7	comprised of R.S. 33:130.781, and R.S. 33:1221(B), 1415(F), 1521.1(D), 1992(A)(11),					
8	2213(I), 2625, 2740.48, and 7603(20) are hereby repealed in their entirety.					
	SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES					
	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE					
	GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA					

APPROVED: ____